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Exam : 1z1-067

Title : Upgrade Oracle9i/10g/11g OCA to Oracle Database 12c OCP

Vendor : Oracle

Version : DEMO
NO.1 You execute the RMAN commands:
RMAN> BACKUP VALIDATE DATABASE;
RMAN> RECOVER CORRUPTION LIST;
Which task is performed by these commands?
A. Corrupted blocks in the data files are checked and repaired before performing the database backup.
B. The database is checked for physically corrupt blocks and any corrupted blocks are repaired.
C. Only those data files that have corrupted blocks are backed up.
D. Corrupted blocks, if any, are repaired in the backup created.

Answer: B
Explanation
Reference
http://www.dba-oracle.com/t_rman_36_validate_backup.htm

NO.2 Which three RMAN persistent settings can be set for a database?
A. default section size for backups
B. backup retention policy
C. multiple backup device types for a single backup
D. default backup device type
E. default destinations for backups

Answer: B,D,E
Explanation
http://docs.oracle.com/cd/B19306_01/backup.102/b14192/setup004.htm#i1019739
To simplify ongoing use of RMAN, you can set several persistent configuration settings for each target database. These settings control many aspects of RMAN behavior. For example, you can configure the backup retention policy, default destinations for backups, default backup device type, and so on. You can use the SHOW and CONFIGURE commands to view and change RMAN configurations.

NO.3 You are connected to a pluggable database (PDB) as a common user with the SYSDBA privilege. The PDB is open and you issue the SHUTDOWN IMMEDIATE command. What is the outcome?
A. The common results in an error because the PDB can the shut down only by a local user.
B. The PDB is closed and left in the unmounts state.
C. The PDB is closed and left in the mount sate.
D. The command execute only if the common user is granted the set CONTAINER privilege for the PD

Answer: C

NO.4 Which Oracle Database component is audited by default if the Unified Auditing option is enabled?
A. Oracle Recovery Manager (RMAN)
B. Oracle Data Pump
C. Oracle Real Application Security

D. Oracle Label Security
E. Oracle Database Vault

**Answer:** A

**Explanation**

Unlike other Oracle Database components, you do not create a unified audit policy for Oracle Recovery Manager events.

The `UNIFIED_AUDIT_TRAIL` data dictionary view has a set of fields, whose names begin with `RMAN_`, that automatically record Recovery Manager-related events.

https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/DBSEG/audit_config.htm#CHDDHEIA

**NO.5** Your multitenant container database (CDB) `cdb1`, which has no startup triggers and contains multiple pluggable databases (PDBs), is started up by using the command:

```
SQL> STARTUP
```

Which two statements are true about the successful execution of the command?

A. All the PDBs are in closed state.
B. The root, the seed, and all the PDBs are opened in read-write mode.
C. All the PDBs are opened in read-write mode.
D. Only the root database is opened in read-write mode.
E. All redo log files are opened.

**Answer:** D, E

**Explanation**

The 12.1.0.2 patchset has introduced the ability to preserve the startup state of PDBs, so you probably shouldn't be implementing a trigger in the manner discussed in this section.

Prior to 12.1.0.2, when the CDB is started, all PDBs remain in mounted mode.

There is no default mechanism to automatically start them when the CDB is started.

The way to achieve this is to use a system trigger on the CDB to start some or all of the PDBs.

**NO.6** Examine the commands executed in the root container of your multitenant container database (CDB) that has multiple pluggable databases (PDBs):

```
SQL> CREATE USER c##a_admin IDENTIFIED BY orcl123;
SQL> CREATE ROLE c##role1 CONTAINER=ALL;
SQL> GRANT CREATE VIEW TO C##role1 CONTAINER=ALL;
SQL> GRANT c##role1 TO c##a_admin CONTAINER=ALL;
SQL> REVOKE c##role1 FROM c##a_admin;
```

What is the result of the revoke command?

A. It executes successfully and the `c##role1` role is revoked from the `c##a_admin` user in the root database and all the PDBs.
B. It executes successfully and the `c##role1` role is revoked from the `c##a_admin` user only in the root container.
C. It fails and reports an error because the `container=all` clause is not used.
D. It fails and reports an error because the `container=current` clause is not used.

**Answer:** C

**Explanation**

```
SQL> REVOKE c##role1 FROM c##a_admin;
```

1: ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01951: ROLE 'C##ROLE1' not granted to 'C##A_ADMIN'
```
SQL> REVOKE c##role1 FROM c##a_admin;
```

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Revoke succeeded. SQL> This CREATE USER c##a_admin IDENTIFIED BY orcl123; will create common
user event container is not specified.

NO.7 You execute the command to recover your database:
Which statement is true?
A. It restores the control file and all files from the most backup, and then applies the redo logs to the
"until time.
B. It restores all data files, redo log files, and control files, and then applies the redo logs up to the
specified time.
C. It restores all data files from the specified times, and then applies the redo logs.
D. It restores all data files and control files from the most recent backup taken before the "until
time", and then recovers up to the "until time using any restored archive logs that are needed to
complete the task.
Answer: A

NO.8 Which three requirements should be successfully met by an Oracle Secure Backup (OSB) user
so that OSB performs RMAN backup or restore requests? (Choose three.)
A. scheduling of the RMAN backup to occur automatically at user-defined intervals
B. assigned to a class with rights to back up or restore Oracle database
C. assigned to a class with rights to browse all directories and catalogs
D. matching the OS user identity of the Oracle instance associated with the database username
E. OSB encryption for data in transport and on tape
F. RMAN preauthorization on the host
Answer: B,D,F

NO.9 You want to perform an RMAN backup of database as a copy.
Which two factors will you consider while performing the backup operation?
A. The backup as copy can only be taken to disk
B. Backup will constitute all used and unused blocks in the database
C. The backup as copy can only be taken to tape
D. Backup can be performed only when the instance is shutdown
Answer: A,B

NO.10 You install Oracle Grid Infrastructure for a standalone server and issue this command:
crsctl start has
Which two components get automatically added to the Oracle Restart configuration the first time
this command is issued?
Choose two.
A. Oracle Healthcheck services
B. Oracle Notification services
C. Oracle CSSD services
D. A database that already exists prior to the Grid Infrastructure installation
E. An Oracle Net Listener that already exists prior to the Grid Infrastructure installation
**Answer:** A, C

**NO.11** In your database, the tbs percent used parameter is set to 60 and the tbs percent free parameter is set to 20.

Which two storage-tiering actions might be automated when using Information Lifecycle Management (ILM) to automate data movement?

A. The movement of some segments to a target tablespace with a higher degree of compression, on a different storage tier, when the source tablespace exceeds TBS percent used

B. The movement of some blocks to a target tablespace with a lower degree of compression, on a different storage tier, when the source tablespace exceeds tbs percent used

C. Setting the target tablespace to read-only after the segments are moved

D. Taking the target tablespace offline after the segments are moved

E. The movement of all segments to a target tablespace with a higher degree of compression, on a different storage tier, when the source tablespace exceeds tbs percent used

**Answer:** A, C

**NO.12** Examine the statements that use flashback technologies:

1. FLASHBACK TABLE customers TO TIMESTAMP TO_TIMESTAMP ('2013-02-04 09:30:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS');
2. SELECT * FROM customers AS OF SCN 123456;
3. FLASHBACK TABLE customers TO BEFORE DROP;
4. FLASHBACK DATABASE TO TIMESTAMP TO_TIMESTAMP ('2013-02-04 09:30:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS');
5. SELECT * FROM customers VERSIONS BETWEEN SCN 123456 AND 123999;
6. ALTER TABLE customers FLASHBACK ARCHIVE;

Which set of statements depends on the availability of relevant undo data in the undo tablespace? (Choose the best answer.)

A. 3, 4, 5

B. 1, 2, 5

C. 1, 3, 6

D. 2, 3, 5, 6

**Answer:** B

**NO.13** You create a table with the period for clause to enable the use of the Temporal Validity feature of Oracle Database 12c.

Examine the table definition:

```
create table employees
(empno number, salary number,
deptid number, name varchar2(100),
period for employee_time);
```

Which three statements are true concerning the use of the Valid Time Temporal feature for the EMPLOYEES table?

A. The valid time columns are visible by default when the table is described.

B. Setting the session valid time using DBMS_FLASHBACK_ARCHIVENABLE_AT_VALID_TIME sets the visibility for data manipulation language (DML), data definition language (DDL), and queries for the EMPLOYEES table?

**Answer:** B
performed by the session.

C. The same statement may filter on both transaction time and valid temporal time by using the AS OF TIMESTAMP and PERIOD FOR clauses.

D. The valid time columns are not populated by the Oracle Server automatically.

E. The valid time columns employee_time_start and employee_time_end are automatically created.

**Answer:** C,D,E

**NO.14** Which statement is true regarding the creation of nested plans using the Oracle Resource Manager?

A. Only one nested subplan is allowed per parent plan

B. Nested plans control only the degree of parallelism and I/O requests

C. Nested plans only control resources used by recursive SQL

D. Each nested plan gets a proportion of the CPU resources assigned to its parent group.

E. The plans can be nested up to four levels.

**Answer:** D

**NO.15** Examine the commands:

```
SQL> ALTER SESSION SET RECYCLBIN = ON;
Session altered.
SQL> DROP TABLE emp; --(First EMP table)
Total dropped.
SQL> CREATE TABLE emp (id NUMBER CONSTRAINT emp_id_idx PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR2 (15),
salary NUMBER(7,2) ); Table created.
```

You then execute multiple INSERT statements to insert rows into EMP table and drop the table again:

```
SQL> DROP TABLE emp; -- (Second EMP table)
Table dropped.
SQL> FLASHBACK TABLE emp TO BEFORE DROP;
```

Which statement is true about the FLASHBACK command?

A. It recovers the structure, data, and indexes of the first emp table.

B. It returns an error because two tables with the same name exist in the recycle bin.

C. It recovers the structure, data, and indexes of the second emp table.

D. It recovers only the structure of the second emp table.

**Answer:** C